SEX BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Population 25 years and over

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

		Alaska	
1		Estimate	Margin of Error
35	Total:	478,951	+/-1,792
of	Male:	247,350	+/-1,882
	No schooling completed	1,288	+/-591
	Nursery to 4th grade	1,028	+/-570
	5th and 6th grade	1,056	+/-472
	7th and 8th grade	1,687	+/-674
	9th grade	1,877	+/-499
	10th grade	3,257	+/-803
	11th grade	4,845	+/-907
	12th grade, no diploma	2,422	+/-667
	High school graduate (includes equivalency)	75,546	+/-3,922
	Some college, less than 1 year	17,703	+/-2,067
	Some college, 1 or more years, no degree	51,805	+/-3,687
	Associate's degree	20,551	+/-2,765
	Bachelor's degree	38,870	+/-2,332
	Master's degree	16,422	+/-1,772
	Professional school degree	5,528	+/-955
	Doctorate degree	3,465	+/-1,031
	Female:	231,601	+/-1,583
	No schooling completed	1,131	+/-432
	Nursery to 4th grade	731	+/-279
	5th and 6th grade	1,102	+/-438
	7th and 8th grade	2,369	+/-660
	9th grade	1,427	+/-368
	10th grade	2,670	+/-666
	11th grade	3,237	+/-1,078
	12th grade, no diploma	2,850	+/-792
	High school graduate (includes equivalency)	58,382	+/-2,961
	Some college, less than 1 year	16,822	+/-1,969
	Some college, 1 or more years, no degree	43,320	+/-2,815
	Associate's degree	20,268	+/-2,304
	Bachelor's degree	51,991	+/-3,245
	Master's degree	19,760	+/-2,045
	Professional school degree	3,202	+/-762
	Doctorate degree	2,339	+/-598

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '*** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.